Overview

The Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS is a multi-fabric message passing library based on ANL* MPICH2* and OSU* MVAPICH2*.

The Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS implements the Message Passing Interface, version 2.2 (MPI-2.2) specification.

To receive technical support and updates, you need to register your Intel(R) Software Development Product. See the Technical Support section.

Product Contents

The Intel(R) MPI Library Runtime Environment (RTO) contains the tools you need to run programs including MPD daemons and supporting utilities, shared (.so) libraries, and documentation.

The Intel(R) MPI Library Development Kit (SDK) includes all of the Runtime Environment components and compilation tools: compiler commands (mpicc, mpiicc, etc.), include files and modules, static (.a) libraries, debug libraries, trace libraries, and test codes.

Related Products and Services
Some of the related products include:

- The Intel(R) Software College provides training for developers on leading-edge software development technologies. The training consists of online and instructor-led courses covering all Intel(R) architectures, platforms, tools, and technologies.

What's New

The Intel(R) MPI Library 4.1 for Linux* OS is an update release of the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS.

The Intel(R) MPI Library 4.1 for Linux* OS includes the following new features compared to the Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 Update 3 (see product documentation for more details):

- Support for the MPI-2.2 standard
- Backward compatibility with Intel MPI Library 4.0.x based applications
- Support for clusters with different Intel(R) Architecture Processors
- Support Checkpoint-Restart through OFA network module and Hydra process manager, based on the Berkeley Checkpoint-Restart Library* (blcr) underlying system library.
- Support for the PBS Pro* job management system
- Support for Intel(R) Composer XE 2013
- New documentation in the HTML format
- Bug Fixes

The Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 Update 3 for Linux* OS is an update release of the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS.

This release includes the following updates compared to the Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 Update 2 (see product documentation for more details):

- Performance and scalability improvements
  - New scalable process manager mpiexec.hydra used by default in the mpirun utility
  - Shared memory optimizations for platforms with Intel(R) Streaming SIMD Extensions 4.2 (Intel(R) SSE4.2) and Intel(R) AES New Instructions
(Intel(R) AES-NI). This functionality is available for both Intel(R) and non-Intel microprocessors, but it may perform additional optimizations for Intel microprocessors than it performs for non-Intel microprocessors.

- Dynamic connection mode for shared memory
- Scalable hybrid UD/RDMA mode for the DAPL fabric
- Accelerated RDMA memory registration cache
- Dynamic queue pair (QP) creation and extensible reliable connection (XRC) mode support for the OFA fabric
- RDMA over converged ethernet (RoCE) support through the DAPL fabric
- TCP scalability improvements
- Substantially accelerated and enhanced MPI tuning utility

- Usability improvements
  - Additional integrated performance monitoring (IPM) statistics summary format
  - Extended debugging output control
  - Enhanced processor information utility (cpuinfo)
  - Bug fixes

- Extended interoperability
  - Intel(R) Composer XE 2011 Update 6 support
  - Tight integration with SLURM* job management systems through the mpiexec.hydra process manager

The Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 Update 2 for Linux* OS is an update release of the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS.

This release includes the following updates compared to the Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 Update 1 (see product documentation for more details):

- Usability improvements
  - Support for SGI* Altix* UV* 1000 pinning with more than 64 cores
  - Improved static DAPL connections establishment in the wait mode
  - Improved stability of the shm:ofa fabric
  - Improved mpiexec.hydra process manager support for SLURM and Cloud
  - Static libraries compiled using the -fPIC option
  - Improved error reporting for the Lustre* file system
  - Bug fixes

- Extended interoperability
  - Intel(R) Composer XE 2011 Update 4 support
  - Ability to call MPI from the Co-Array Fortran programs

The Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 Update 1 for Linux* OS is an update release of the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS.

This release includes the following updates compared to the Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 (see product documentation for more details):
- Performance and scalability improvements
  - Improved startup scalability through the mpiexec.hydra process manager
  - Improved OFA fabric performance
  - Further optimizations to several collective algorithms
- Usability improvements
  - Use of ssh for remote connectivity by default (formerly rsh)
  - Process pinning support for the mpiexec.hydra process manager
  - Extended process pinning control for hybrid applications through the
    I_MPI_PIN_DOMAIN and I_MPI_PIN_CELL environment variables
  - Improved mpitune for easier application tuning
- Extended interoperability
  - Intel(R) Composer XE 12.0 Beta support

The Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 for Linux* OS includes the following new features
compared to the Intel(R) MPI Library 3.2 Update 2 (see product documentation for
more details):

- New architecture for better performance and higher scalability
  - Optimized shared memory path for industry leading latency on multicore
    platforms
  - New flexible mechanism for selecting the communication fabrics
    (I_MPI_FABRICS) that complements the classic Intel MPI device selection
    method (I_MPI_DEVICE)
  - Native InfiniBand* interface (OFED* verbs) support with multirail
    capability for ultimate InfiniBand* performance
    - Set I_MPI_FABRICS=o:ofa for OFED* verbs only
    - Set I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:ofa for shared memory and OFED* verbs
    - Set I_MPI_OFA_NUM_ADAPTERS, etc., for multirail transfers
  - Tag Matching Interface (TMI) support for higher performance of
    Qlogic* PSM* and Myricom* MX* interconnect interfaces
    - Set I_MPI_FABRICS=tmi for TMI only
    - Set I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:tmi for shared memory and TMI
  - Connectionless DAPL* UD support for limitless scalability of your
    TOP500 submissions
    - Set I_MPI_FABRICS=dapl for DAPL only
    - Set I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:dapl for shared memory and DAPL
    - Set I_MPI_DAPL_UD=enable for DAPL UD transfers over DAPL fabric
- Updated MPI performance tuner to extract the last ounce of performance out of
  your installation
  - For a certain cluster, based on the Intel(R) MPI Benchmarks (IMB) or a
    user provided benchmark
  - For a certain application run
- MPI 2.1 standard conformance
- Experimental dynamic process support
- Experimental fault tolerance support
Examples
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Set the I_MPI_FABRICS environment variable to select a particular network fabric.

- To use shared memory for intra-node communication, and TMI for inter-node communication, do the following steps:
  1. Copy the <installdir>/etc64/tmi.conf file to the /etc directory. Alternatively you set the TMI_CONFIG environment variable to point to the location of the tmi.conf file. For instance,
     $ export TMI_CONFIG=<installdir>/etc64/tmi.conf
  2. Select shm:tmi for your fabric. For instance,
     $ export I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:tmi
  3. Execute an application. For instance,
     $ mpiexec -n 16 ./IMB-MPI1

Set the I_MPI_TMI_PROVIDER environment variable if necessary to select a specific TMI provider. For instance,
   $export I_MPI_TMI_PROVIDER=psm

Make sure that you have the libtmi.so library in the search path of the "ldd" command.

- To select shared memory for intra-node communication and OFED* verbs for inter-node communication, do the following steps:

  $ export I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:ofa
  $ mpiexec -n 4 ./IMB-MPI1

Set the I_MPI_OFA_NUM_ADAPTERS environment variable to utilize the multirail capabilities.

  $ export I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:ofa
  $ export I_MPI_OFA_NUM_ADAPTERS=2
  $ mpiexec -n 4 ./IMB-MPI1

- To use shared memory for intra-node communication and the DAPL* layer for inter-node communication, do the following steps:

  $ export I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:dapl
  $ mpiexec -n 4 ./IMB-MPI1
Set the I_MPI_DAPL_UD environment variable to enable connectionless DAPL* UD.

```
$ export I_MPI_FABRICS=shm:dapl
$ export I_MPI_DAPL_UD=enable
$ mpiexec -n 4 ./IMB-MPI1
```

See more details in the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS Reference Manual.

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Key Features
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This release of the Intel(R) MPI Library supports the following major features:
- MPI-1 and MPI-2.2 specification conformance
- Support for any combination of the following interconnection fabrics:
  - Shared memory
  - Network fabrics with tag matching capabilities through Tag Matching Interface (TMI), such as Qlogic* Infiniband*, Myrinet* and other interconnects
  - Native InfiniBand* interface through OFED* verbs provided by Open Fabrics Alliance* (OFA*)
  - RDMA-capable network fabrics through DAPL*, such as InfiniBand* and Myrinet*
  - Sockets, for example, TCP/IP over Ethernet*, Gigabit Ethernet*, and other interconnects
- (SDK only) Support for IA-32 and Intel(R) 64 architecture clusters using:
  - Intel(R) C++ Compiler for Linux* OS version 11.1 through 13.0 and higher
  - Intel(R) Fortran Compiler for Linux* OS version 11.1 through 13.0 and higher
  - GNU* C, C++ and Fortran 95 compilers
- (SDK only) C, C++, Fortran 77 and Fortran 90 language bindings
- (SDK only) Dynamic or static linking

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System Requirements
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The following sections describe supported hardware and software.

Supported Hardware
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Systems based on the Intel(R) 64 architecture:
  - Intel(R) Core(TM) processor family or higher
  - Intel(R) Xeon(R) 5500 processor series recommended
  - 1 GB of RAM per core
  - 2 GB of RAM per core recommended
1 GB of free hard disk space

IA-32 applications running on Intel(R) 64 architecture are supported.

Supported Software
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Operating Systems:

Systems based on the Intel(R) 64 architecture:
   Red Hat* Enterprise Linux* 5,
   Red Hat* Enterprise Linux* 6,
   Fedora* 17
   CentOS* 6.0,
   SuSE* Linux Enterprise Server* 11,
   openSuSE* Linux* 11.4
   Asianux* Server 3
   Ubuntu* 12.04
   Debian* 6
   Scientific Linux* 6.1

(SDK only) Compilers:

   GNU*: C, C++, Fortran 77 3.3 or higher, Fortran 95 4.0 or higher

   Intel(R) C++ Compiler for Linux* OS 11.1 through 13.0 or higher
   Intel(R) Fortran Compiler for Linux* OS 11.1 through 13.0 or higher

(SDK only) Supported Debuggers:

   Rogue* Wave* Software* TotalView* 6.8 or higher
   Allinea* DDT* v1.9.2 or higher
   GNU* Debuggers

Batch Systems:

   Platform* LSF* 6.1 or higher
   Altair* PBS Pro* 7.1 or higher
   Torque* 1.2.0 or higher
   Parallelnavi* NQS* for Linux* OS V2.0L10 or higher
   Parallelnavi for Linux* OS Advanced Edition V1.0L10A or higher
   NetBatch* v6.x or higher
   SLURM* 1.2.21 or higher
   Sun* Grid Engine* 6.1 or higher
   IBM* LoadLeveler* 4.1.1.5 or higher
   Platform* Lava* 1.0
Recommended InfiniBand Software:

- OpenFabrics* Enterprise Distribution (OFED*) 1.4 or higher.

Additional Software:

- Python* 2.2 or higher, including the python-xml module. Python* distributions are available for download from your OS vendor or at http://www.python.org (for Python* source distributions).
- An XML parser such as expat* or pyxml*.
- If using InfiniBand*, Myrinet*, or other RDMA-capable network fabrics, a DAPL* 1.2 standard-compliant provider library/driver is required. DAPL* providers are typically provided with your network fabric hardware and software.

(SDK only) Supported Languages
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For GNU* compilers: C, C++, Fortran 77, Fortran 95
For Intel compilers: C, C++, Fortran 77, Fortran 90, Fortran 95

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Installation Notes
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See the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS Installation Guide for details.

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Documentation
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Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS Getting Started Guide, found in Getting_Started.htm (HTML Uncompressed Help) and Getting_Started.pdf, contains information on the following subjects:

- First steps using the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS

- First-aid troubleshooting actions

Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS Reference Manual, found in Reference_Manual.htm (HTML Uncompressed Help) and Reference_Manual.pdf, contains information on the following subjects:

- Command Reference describes commands, options, and environment variables

- Tuning Reference describes environment variables that influence library
behavior and performance

Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS Installation Guide, found in INSTALL.html, contains information on the following subjects:

- Obtaining, installing, and uninstalling the Intel(R) MPI Library
- Getting technical support

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Special Features and Known Issues
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Note: The following list includes the information until Intel(R) MPI Library 4.1 is released. For the most up-to-date list of known issues, as well as latest tips and tricks on using the library, visit the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* Knowledge Base at http://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mpi-library-for-linux-kb/all/

- Intel(R) MPI Library 4.1 for Linux* OS is binary compatible with the majority of Intel MPI Library 4.0.x-based applications. Recompile your application only if you use:
  o MPI C++ binding

- Intel(R) MPI Library 4.1 for Linux* OS implements the MPI-2.2 standard. On top of this, the aliasing of the send and receive buffers in the following collective routines will be rejected:
  o MPI_Gather, MPI_Gatherv
  o MPI_Scatter, MPI_Scatterv
  o MPI_Allgather, MPI_Allgatherv
  o MPI_Alltoall, MPI_Alltoallv, MPI_Alltoallw

If your application depends on the pre-MPI-2.2 behavior, set the environment variable I_MPI_COMPATIBILITY to 4. If your application depends on the pre-MPI-2.1 behavior, set the environment variable I_MPI_COMPATIBILITY to 3.

- Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 for Linux* OS is binary compatible with the majority of Intel MPI Library 3.x-based applications. Recompile your application only if you use:
  o MPI one-sided routines in Fortran (mpi_accumulate(), mpi_alloc_mem(), mpi_get(), mpi_put(), mpi_win_create())
  o MPI C++ binding

- Intel(R) MPI Library 4.0 for Linux* OS implements the MPI-2.1 standard. The functions of the following MPI routines have changed:
o MPI_Cart_create()
o MPI_Cart_map()
o MPI_Cart_sub()
o MPI_Graph_create()

If your application depends on the pre-MPI-2.1 behavior, set the environment variable I_MPI_COMPATIBILITY to "3".

- The following features are currently available only on Intel(R) 64 architecture:
o Native InfiniBand* interface (OFED* verbs) support
o Multirail capability
o Tag Matching Interface (TMI) support
o Connectionless DAPL* UD support

- The Intel(R) MPI Library supports the MPI-2 process model for all fabric combinations with the following exceptions:
o I_MPI_FABRICS is set to <fabric1>:<fabric2>, where <fabric1> is not shm, and <fabric2> is not equal to <fabric1> (for example, dapl:tcp)

- If communication between two existing MPI applications is established using the process attachment mechanism, the library does not control whether the same fabric has been selected for each application. This situation may cause unexpected applications behavior. Set the I_MPI_FABRICS variable to the same values for each application to avoid this issue.

- The following restriction exists for the DAPL-capable network fabrics because it relates to support for the MPI-2 process model: if the size of the information about the host used to establish the communication exceeds a certain DAPL provider value, the application fails with an error message similar to:

  [0:host1]../dapl_module_util.c:397] error(0x80060028):....: could not connect DAPL endpoints: DAT_INVALID_PARAMETER(DAT_INVALID_ARG5)

- The Intel(R) MPI Library Development Kit package is layered on top of the Runtime Environment package. See the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS Installation Guide for more details.

- The SDK installer checks for the existence of the associated RTO package and installs it if the RTO is missing. If the RTO is already present, its location determines the default SDK location.

- The RTO uninstaller checks for SDK presence and proposes to uninstall the SDK and RTO packages.
- The SDK uninstaller asks the user if the RTO is to be uninstalled as well. The user is able to cancel the uninstallation at this point.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library automatically places consecutive MPI processes onto all processor cores. Use the mpiexec -perhost 1 option or set the I_MPI_PERHOST environment variable to 1 in order to obtain the round robin process placement.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library pins processes automatically. Use I_MPI_PIN and related environment variables to control process pinning. See the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS Reference Manual for more details.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library provides thread-safe libraries up to level MPI_THREAD_MULTIPLE. The default level is MPI_THREAD_FUNNELED. Follow these rules:
  o (SDK only) Use the Intel(R) MPI compiler driver option -mt_mpi to build a thread-safe MPI application.
  o Do not load thread-safe Intel(R) MPI libraries through dlopen(3).

- Intel(R) MKL 10.0 may create multiple threads depending on various conditions. Follow these rules to correctly use Intel(R) MKL:
  o (SDK only) Use the thread safe version of the Intel(R) MPI Library in conjunction with Intel(R) MKL by using the -mt_mpi compiler driver option
  o Set the OMP_NUM_THREADS environment variable to 1 to run the application if linked with the non-thread-safe version of the Intel(R) MPI Library

- The Intel(R) MPI Library uses dynamic connection establishment by default for 64 and more processes. To always establish all connections upfront, set the I_MPI_DYNAMIC_CONNECTION environment variable to "disable".

- The Intel(R) MPI Library compiler drivers embed the actual Development Kit library path (default /opt/intel/impi/<version>.<package_num>) and default Runtime Environment library path /opt/intel/mpi-rt/<version>.<package_num> into the executables using the -rpath linker option.

- Use the LD_PRELOAD environment variable to preload the appropriate Intel(R) MPI binding library to start an MPICH2 Fortran application in the Intel(R) MPI Library environment.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library enhances message-passing performance on DAPL*-based interconnects by maintaining a cache of virtual-to-physical address translations in the MPI DAPL* data transfer path.

Set the environment variable LD_DYNAMIC_WEAK to "1" if your program
dynamically loads the standard C library before dynamically loading
the Intel(R) MPI Library. Alternatively, use the environment variable
LD_PRELOAD to load the Intel(R) MPI Library first.

To disable the translation cache completely, set the environment variable
I_MPI_RDMA_TRANSLATION_CACHE to "disable". Note that you do not need
to set the aforementioned environment variables LD_DYNAMIC_WEAK or LD_PRELOAD
when you disable the translation cache.

- (SDK only) Always link the standard libc libraries dynamically if you use
  the DAPL, OFA*, and TMI fabrics, individually or in combination with the
  shared memory fabric, to avoid possible segmentation faults.

  Note: some compilers may use the -static option implicitly, for example,
  when using the -fast option  for the Intel compilers. Therefore, use the
  ldd command to verify that the final executable is dynamically linked with
  the standard libc libraries.

  It is safe to link the Intel(R) MPI Library statically through
  the -static_mpi option of the compiler drivers. This option does not
  affect the default linkage method for other libraries.

- Certain DAPL* providers may not work or provide worthwhile performance
  with the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS, for example:
  o Qlogic*. Use the TMI libraries included with the Intel(R) MPI Library
    when running over the Qlogic* PSM* interconnect interface for best
    performance.
  o Myricom*. Use the TMI libraries included with the Intel(R) MPI Library
    when running over the Myricom* MX* interconnect interface for best
    performance.
    Alternatively, contact Myricom* or download the DAPL* provider at
    http://sourceforge.net/projects/dapl-myrinet which supports both the GM*
    and MX* interfaces.

- Depending on the QLogic* hardware, PSM* may not support enough endpoints.
  Setting PSM_SHAREDCONTEXTS_MAX=1 number of endpoints may possibly be
  increased. The GM DAPL* provider may not work with the Intel(R) MPI
  Library for Linux* OS using some versions of the GM* drivers. Set
  I_MPI_RDMA_RNDV_WRITE=1 to avoid this issue.

- Certain DAPL* providers may not function properly if your application uses
  system(3), fork(2), vfork(2), or clone(2) system calls. Do not use these
  system calls or functions based upon them. For example, system(3), with:
  o OFED* DAPL* provider with Linux* kernel version earlier than official
    version 2.6.16. Set the RDMAV_FORK_SAFE environment variable to enable
    the OFED workaround with compatible kernel version.
- The Intel(R) MPI Library requires Python* 2.2 or higher for process management.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library requires the python-xml* package or its equivalent on each node in the cluster for process management.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library requires the expat* or pyxml* package, or an equivalent XML parser on each node in the cluster for process management.

- The following MPI-2.2 features are not supported by the Intel(R) MPI Library:
  o Passive target one-sided communication when the target process does not call any MPI functions

- If installation of the Intel(R) MPI Library package fails and shows the error message: "Intel(R) MPI Library already installed" when a package is not actually installed, try the following:

  1. Determine the package number that the system believes is installed by typing:

     `# rpm -qa | grep intel-mpi`

     This command returns an Intel(R) MPI Library <package name>.

  2. Remove the package from the system by typing:

     `# rpm -e <package name>`

  3. Re-run the Intel(R) MPI Library installer to install the package.

TIP:
To avoid installation errors, always remove the Intel(R) MPI Library packages using the uninstall script provided with the package before trying to install a new package or reinstall an older one.

- Due to an installer limitation, avoid installing earlier releases of the Intel(R) MPI Library packages after having already installed the current release. It may corrupt the installation of the current release and require that you uninstall/reinstall it.

- Certain operating system versions have a bug in the rpm command that prevents installations other than in the default install location. In this case, the installer does not offer the option to install in an alternate location.
- If the mpdboot command fails to start up the MPD, verify that the Intel(R) MPI Library package is installed in the same path/location on all the nodes in the cluster. To solve this problem, uninstall and re-install the Intel(R) MPI Library package while using the same <installdir> path on all nodes in the cluster.

- If the mpdboot command fails to start up the MPD, verify that all cluster nodes have the same Python* version installed. To avoid this issue, always install the same Python* version on all cluster nodes.

- Presence of environment variables with non-printable characters in user environment settings may cause the process startup to fail. To work around this issue, the Intel(R) MPI Library does not propagate environment variables with non-printable characters across the MPD ring.

- A program cannot be executed when it resides in the current directory but "." is not in the PATH. To avoid this error, either add "." to the PATH on ALL nodes in the cluster or use the explicit path to the executable or ./<executable> in the mpiexec command line.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library 2.0 and higher supports PMI wire protocol version 1.1. Note that this information is specified as

```plaintext
pmi_version = 1
pmi_subversion = 1
```

instead of

```plaintext
pmi_version = 1.1
```

as done by the Intel(R) MPI Library 1.0.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library requires the presence of the /dev/shm device in the system. To avoid failures related to the inability to create a shared memory segment, make sure the /dev/shm device is set up correctly.

- The Intel(R) MPI Library uses TCP sockets to pass stdin stream to the application. If you redirect a large file, for example, 5KB, the transfer could take a long time and cause things to hang on the remote side. To avoid this issue, pass large files to the application as command line options.

- (SDK only) Certain operating systems use GNU* compilers version 4.2 or higher that is incompatible with Intel(R) Professional Edition Compiler 9.1. Use Intel(R) Professional Edition Compilers 11.1 or later.
on the respective operating systems, for example:
  o SuSE* Linux Enterprise Server* 11

- (SDK only) Certain GNU* C compilers may generate code that leads to inadvertent merging of some output lines at runtime. This happens when different processes write simultaneously to the standard output and standard error streams. In order to avoid this, use the -fno-builtin-printf option of the respective GNU* compiler while building your application.

- (SDK only) Certain versions of the GNU* LIBC library define free()/realloc() symbols as non-weak. Use the --allow-multiple-definition GNU* linker option to link your application.

- (SDK only) A known exception handling incompatibility exists between GNU C++ compilers version 3.x and version 4.x. Use the special -gcc-version=<nnn> option for the compiler drivers mpicxx and mpiicpc to link an application when running in a particular GNU* C++ environment. The valid <nnn> values are:
  o 320 if GNU* C++ version is 3.2.x
  o 330 if GNU* C++ version is 3.3.x
  o 340 if GNU* C++ version is 3.4.x
  o 400 if GNU* C++ version is 4.0.x
  o 410 if GNU* C++ version is 4.1.x
  o 420 if GNU* C++ version is 4.2.x
  o 430 if GNU* C++ version is 4.3.x

A library compatible with the detected version of the GNU* C++ compiler is used by default. Do not use this option if the gcc version is older than 3.2.

- (SDK only) The Fortran 77 and Fortran 90 tests in the <installdir>/test directory may produce warnings when compiled with the mpif77, etc. compiler commands. You can safely ignore these warnings, or add the -w option to the compiler command line to suppress them.

- (SDK only) In order to use GNU Fortran compiler version 4.0 and higher use the mpif90 compiler driver.

- (SDK only) A known module file format incompatibility exists between the GNU Fortran 95 compilers. Use Intel(R) MPI Library mpif90 compiler driver to automatically uses the appropriate MPI module.

- (SDK only) Perform the following steps to generate bindings for your compiler that is not directly supported by the Intel(R) MPI Library:
1. Go to the binding directory

   # cd <installdir>/binding

2. Extract the binding kit

   # tar -zxvf intel-mpi-binding-kit.tar.gz

3. Follow instructions in the README-intel-mpi-binding-kit.txt

   - (SDK only) To use the Intel(R) Debugger, set the IDB_HOME environment variable. It should point to the location of the Intel(R) Debugger.

   - (SDK only) Use the following command to launch an Intel MPI application with Valgrind* 3.3.0:

     # mpiexec -n <# of processes> <other_mpiexec_options> valgrind  
         \  
         --leak-check=full --undef-value-errors=yes  
         --log-file=<logfilename>.%p  
         --suppressions=<installdir>/etc/valgrind.supp <executable>

     where:

     <logfilename>.%p - log file name for each MPI process
     <installdir> - the Intel MPI Library installation path
     <executable> - name of the executable file

   - Intel(R) MPI Library doesn't support symbol ":" within filenames for file manipulation routines.

   - Note: any routines in the libmpigi library (shipped with the Intel(R) MPI Library) are more highly optimized for Intel microprocessors than for non-Intel microprocessors.

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Technical Support
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Your feedback is very important to us. To receive technical support for the tools provided in this product and technical information including FAQ's and product updates, you need to register for an Intel(R) Premier Support account at the Registration Center.

This package is supported by Intel(R) Premier Support. Direct customer support requests at:

   https://premier.intel.com
General information on Intel(R) product-support offerings may be obtained at:
http://www.intel.com/software/products/support

The Intel(R) MPI Library home page can be found at:
http://www.intel.com/go/mpi

The Intel(R) MPI Library support web site,
http://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mpi-library-for-linux-kb/all/
provides the latest top technical issues, frequently asked questions,
product documentation, and product errata.

Requests for licenses can be directed to the Registration Center at:
http://www.intel.com/software/products/registrationcenter

Before submitting a support issue, see the Intel(R) MPI Library for Linux* OS
Getting Started Guide for details on post-install testing to ensure that basic
facilities are working.

When submitting a support issue to Intel(R) Premier Support, please provide
specific details of your problem, including:
- The Intel(R) MPI Library package name and version information
- Host architecture (for example, IA-32 or Intel(R) 64 architecture)
- Compiler(s) and versions
- Operating system(s) and versions
- Specifics on how to reproduce the problem. Include makefiles,
  command lines, small test cases, and build instructions.
  Use <installdir>/test sources as test cases, when possible.

You can obtain version information for the Intel(R) MPI Library package in the
file mpisupport.txt.

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gdf

/**
* This is copy of the code which implements the GFD(32) hashing of datatypes
* described in this paper:
*
* Hash functions for MPI datatypes.
* In the Proceedings of the 12th European PVM/MPI Users' Group Meeting,Sorrento,
* Italy, September 2005.
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my_getopt
---------
my_getopt - a command-line argument parser
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**AVL Trees***

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The Intel MPI library includes altered AVL Trees* source codes.

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